

Please cite this material as follows: Canning, M. (2015) Eurasian Higher Education Leaders' Forum 2015. Special Session of the 'Development of Strategic Directions for Education Reforms in Kazakhstan for 2015-2020' Project. Astana: Nazarbayev University Graduate School of Education.



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## Roadmap Project Higher Education - Progress and Issues

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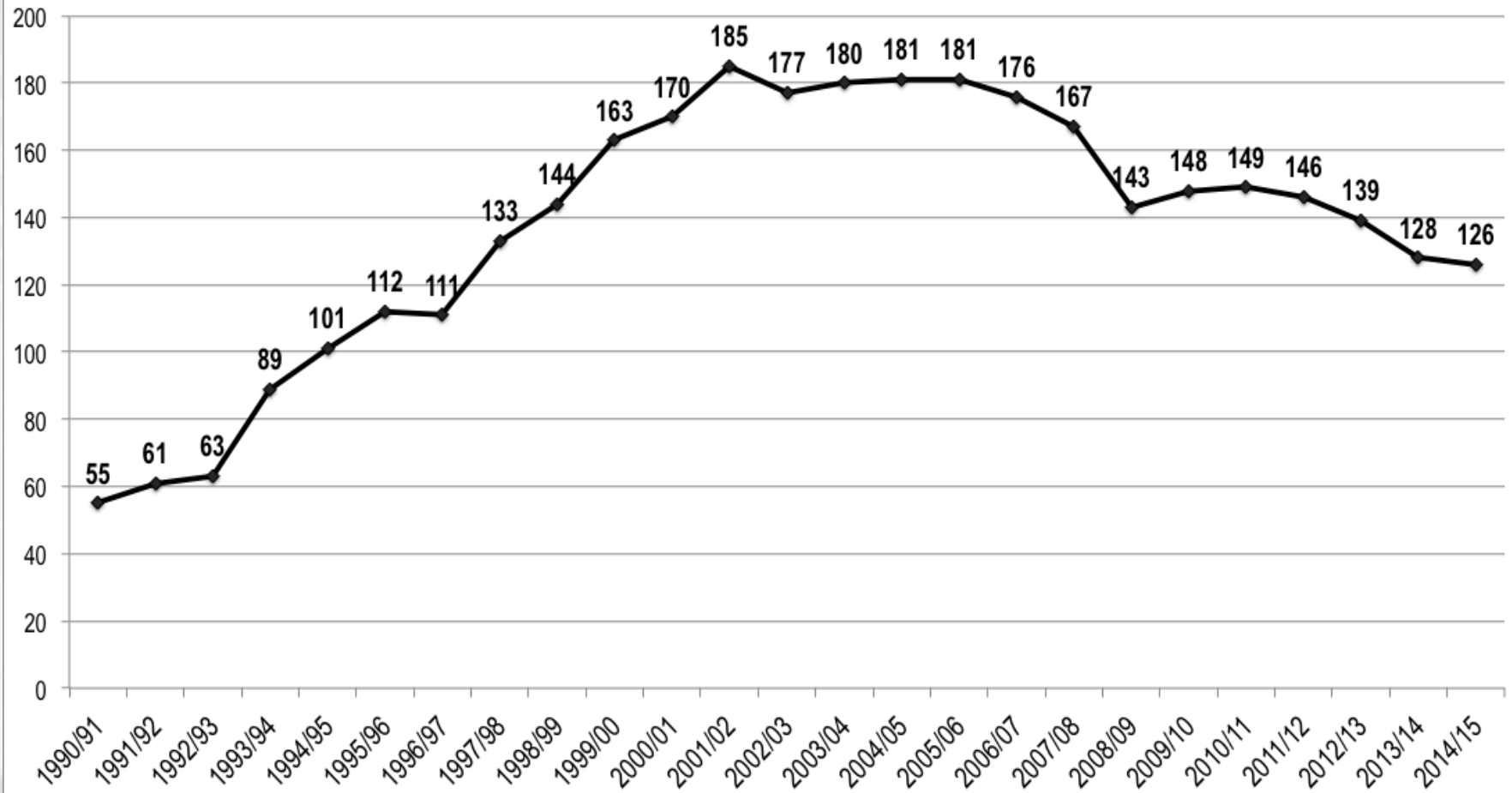


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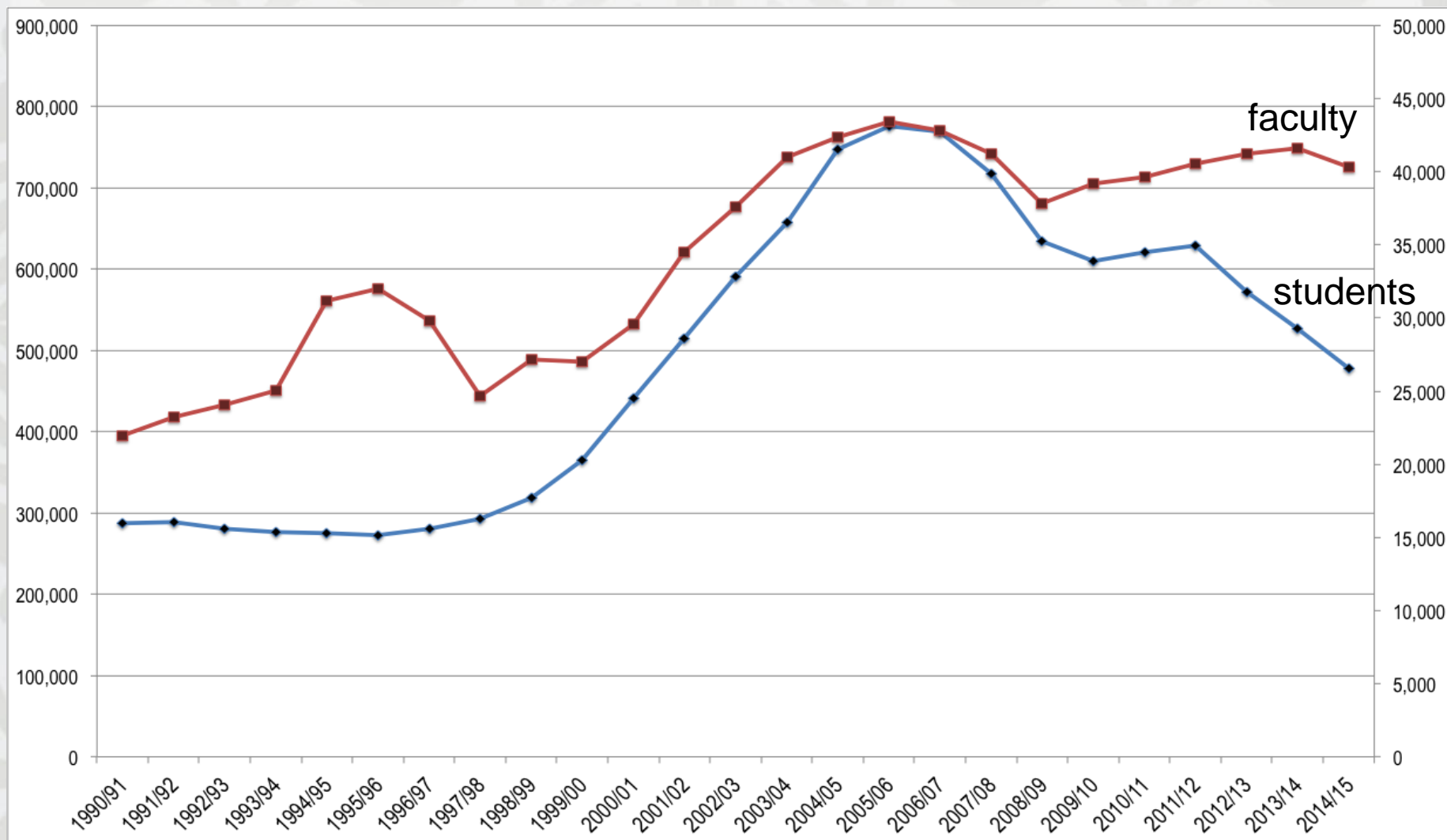


# Institutional Trends 1990-2015

Number of institutions, 20 years' span

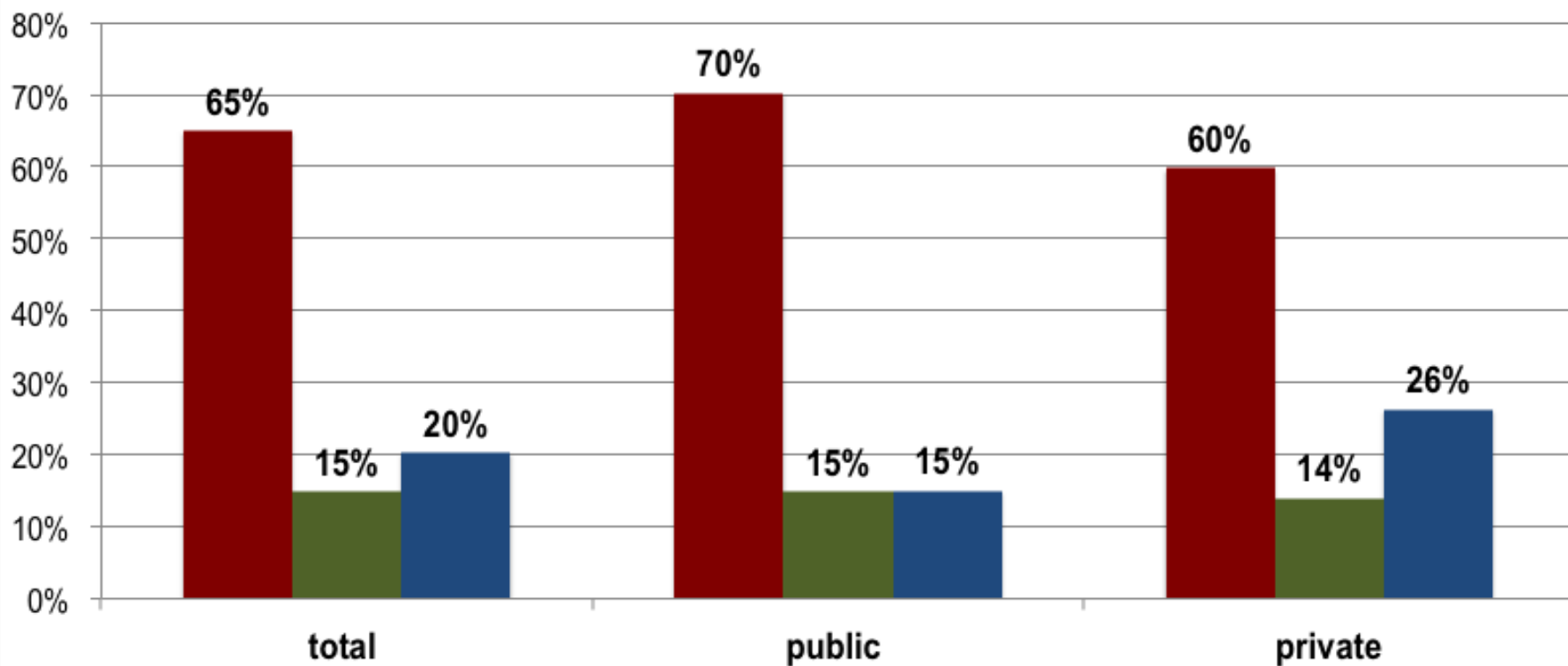


# Faculty and Enrollment Trends



# Pathways to Higher Education

■ general secondary education 81 433  
■ technical and vocational education 18 547  
■ higher education 25 382





# Proposed Priorities 2015-2016

- Relatively low public investment in higher education;
- If there are no additional Government budget resources for Higher Education, the Roadmap proposes that the Ministry of Education and Science should refocus its development strategy and concentrate on a four essential priorities:

# 4 Proposed Priorities

1. improve the quality and transparency of the Unified National Test (UNT) as the gateway to higher education;
2. undertake a fundamental reorganization of the allocation of State Grants and Quotas;
3. strengthen existing financial aid programmes
4. develop selected Pedagogical Institutions



# State Educational Grants 2014-2015

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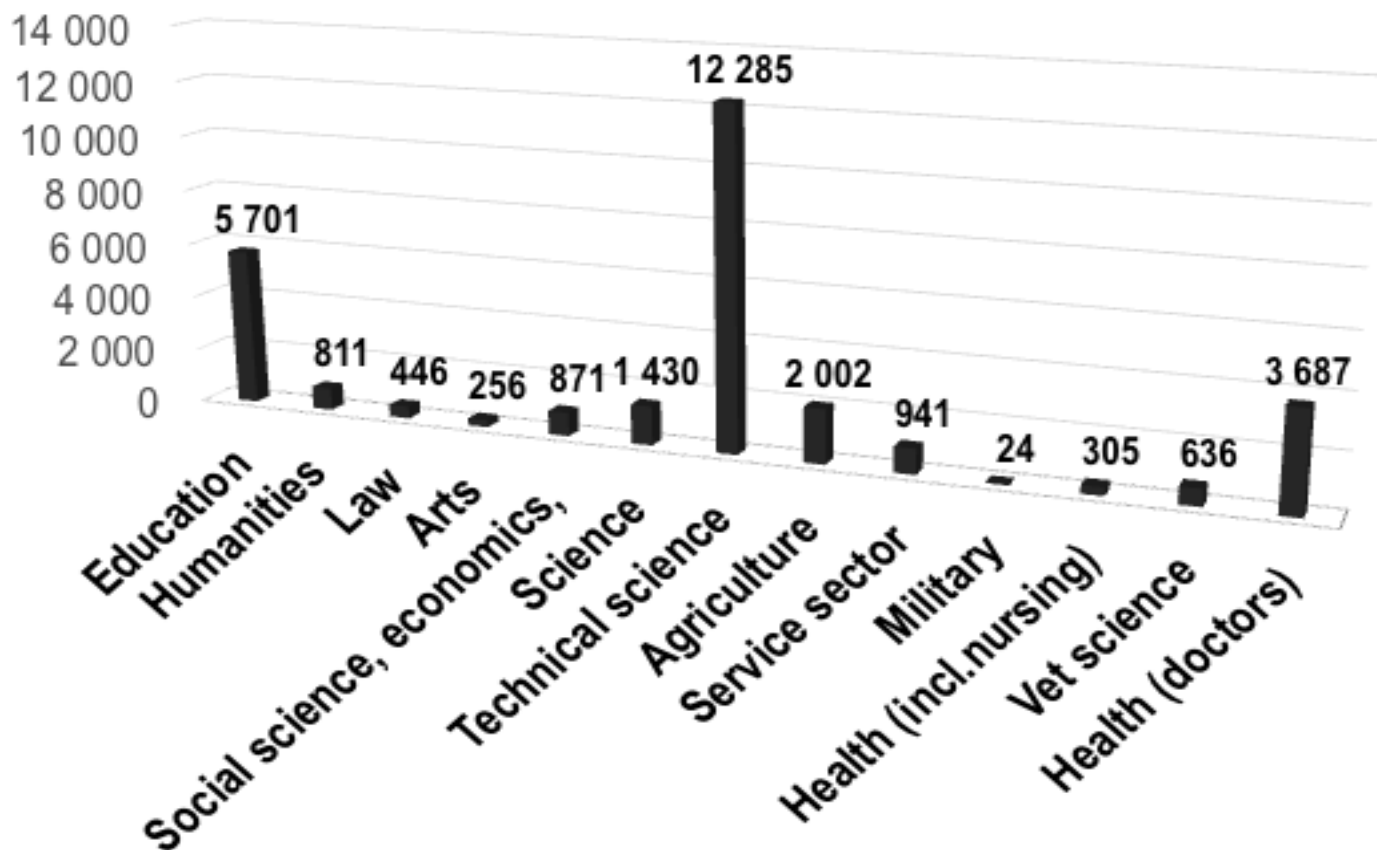
Students studying using grants	<b>141 871</b>
Share of total enrollment	<b>27.1%</b>
Grants to public HEIs	<b>75%+</b>
Percent of total student financial aid	<b>91%</b>

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# Grant Breakdown by Programme

## Educational grants awarded 2014-15 AY

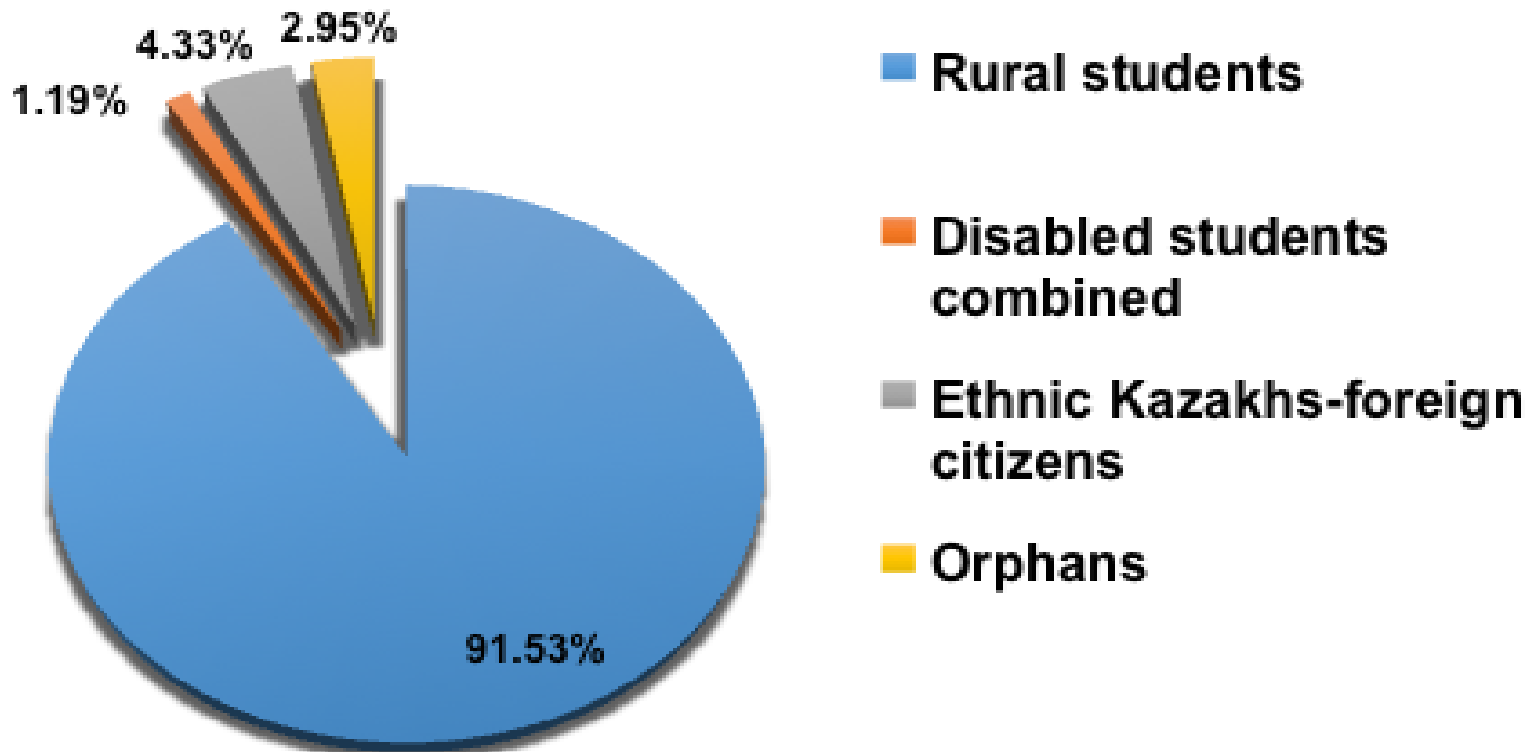






## 9% Students state-funded under the quota system

Quota Breakdown 2014-2015





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# Reorganisation of State Grants and Quotas

- This financing mechanism needs to be altered so that, besides rewarding academic merit, it targets financial assistance to students from poorer families.
- A system of determining eligibility based on **family means-testing** should be developed.



## Strengthen existing financial aid programmes

- 70% of students and their families pay for higher education studies in Kazakhstan.
- More than half (63%) of these fee-paying paid students go to private institutions.



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# Thank You

# Discussion